

# WORKSHEET

## 8

1. State any four repetitive structures that are used in QBASIC.

2. When is For loop preferred over While and Do-Loop?

3. When is Block IF-THEN-ELSE preferred over the single line IF-THEN-Else statement?

4. Evaluate the following conditional statements. Answer should be given as -1 (true) or 0 (false).

a)  $A > 7 * 5$  AND  $B \leq 4 + 19$  where  $A = 89$  and  $B = 19$

b)  $A < B$  OR  $B = C$  where  $A = 25$ ,  $B = 17$  and  $C = 55$

c) NOT ( $A > B$  AND  $A \text{ MOD } 2 < > 0$ ) where  $A = 35$  and  $B = 26$

5. The following program is supposed to print the first 10 multiples of 7. What should be the value of the updation shown by a blank.

`C=7`

`WHILE C<=70`

`PRINT C`

`C=C+ ____`

`WEND`

6. The following program is supposed to display 20, 18, 16, 14, 12 ....2 what should be the value of STEP in the program.

`FOR I=20 TO 2 STEP _____`

`PRINT I`

`NEXT I`

7. Convert the program written using DO WHILE-LOOP to FOR-NEXT loop.

```
I=72
```

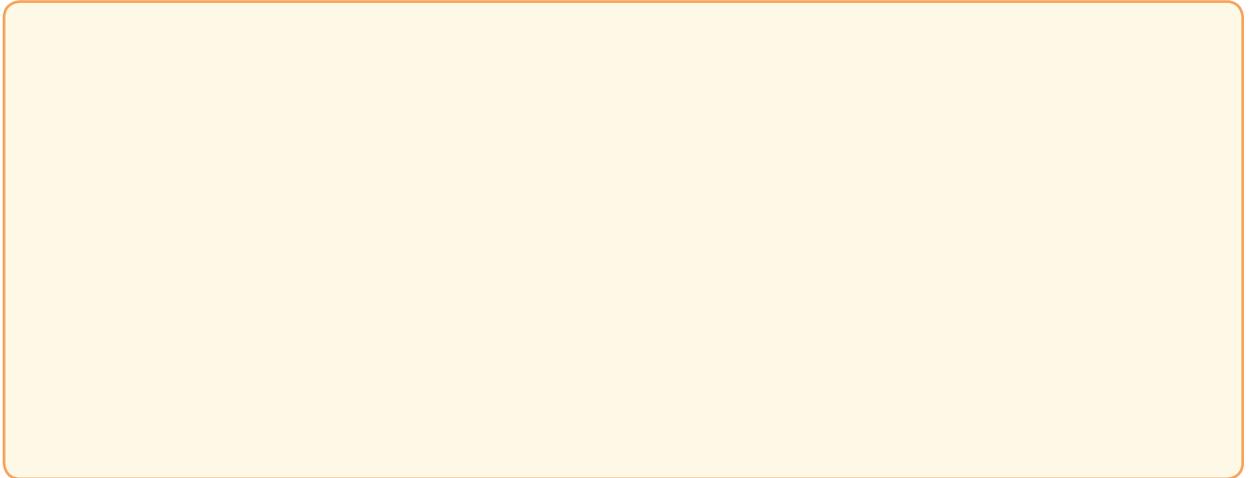
```
DO WHILE I>=8
```

```
    PRINT I
```

```
    I=I-8
```

```
LOOP
```

```
END
```



8. Convert the following program written using DO WHILE-LOOP to DO UNTIL-LOOP.

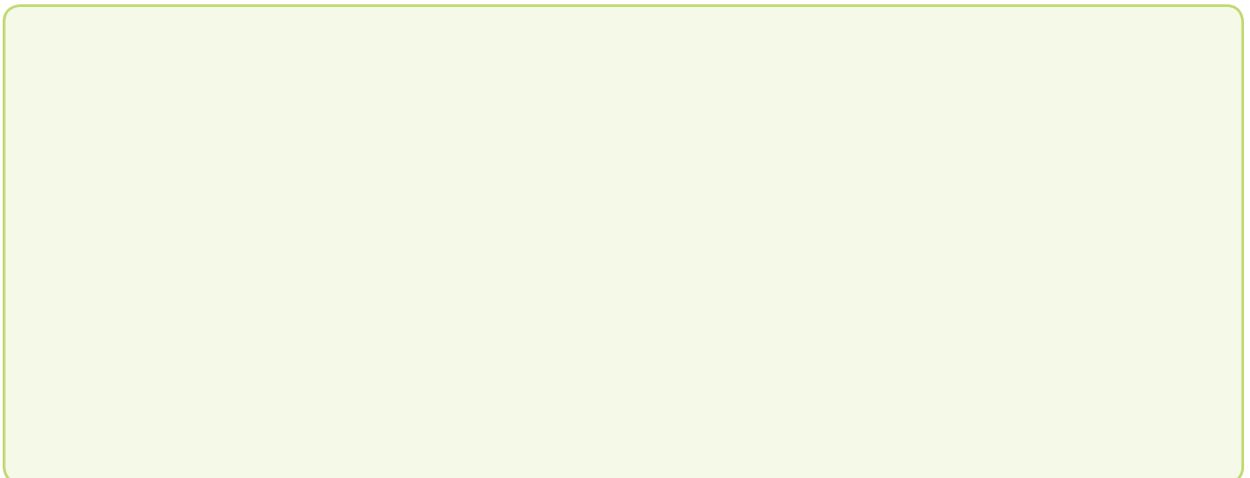
```
I=2
```

```
DO WHILE I<=13
```

```
    PRINT I
```

```
    I=I+3
```

```
LOOP
```



**9. What do you think will be the output of the following program:**

```
FOR I=1 TO 9  
    PRINT I * I-1  
NEXT I
```



**10. State whether True(T) or False(F):**

- a) The EXIT WEND command is used to prematurely exit from a WHILE WEND loop.
- b) Writing STEP with a FOR statement is absolutely necessary.
- c) UNTIL used with DO ensures that a loop continues as long as the condition is yet to be satisfied.
- d) If condition is evaluated to true the statement after THEN gets executed in an IF-THEN-ELSE statement.
- e) NEXT is used to mark the end of a DO loop.
- f) EXIT FOR is used to exit from a FOR loop prematurely.
- g) A counter is used to count the number of times a statement or group of statements gets executed.
- h) A Label is a name given to line for reference.
- i) The MOD operator is used to modify the value of a variable.
- j) GOTO is used to transfer control from one part of a program to another part.

11. Fill in the blanks with the given words:

EXIT DO	STEP -1	once	1(One)	Counter
GOTO	ELSE	WHILE-WEND	Control	0(Zero)

- a) The statements after \_\_\_\_\_ gets executed when a condition is evaluated to false in an IF-THEN-ELSE statement.
- b) \_\_\_\_\_ statement is used to transfer control from one line to another line.
- c) \_\_\_\_\_ is used to keep track of the number of time a loop is being executed.
- d) \_\_\_\_\_ is used to exit form a DO loop.
- e) \_\_\_\_\_ decreases the value of a control variable by 1 in a FOR-NEXT loop.
- f) \_\_\_\_\_ variables is used to control the execution of a loop.
- g) By default variables are initialized to \_\_\_\_\_.
- h) If STEP is missing the default value of updating is \_\_\_\_\_.
- i) DO-LOOP WHILE allows execution of a loop at least \_\_\_\_\_ even if the condition is false.
- j) The \_\_\_\_\_ loop is another repetitive structure and is generally used when the number of iterations is not known.